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Introduction of New Criminal Laws and Indic Knowledge System in RGNUL Curriculum

Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law (RGNUL) has always been at the forefront of legal education in India, striving to provide a comprehensive and dynamic curriculum that meets the needs of contemporary legal education. RGNUL's recent innovations in the course curriculum integrating Indic Knowledge System and latest developments in law reflect the approach of the University towards providing a cutting-edge legal education which prepares students for the challenges of the legal profession while instilling a deep appreciation for India's rich legal heritage.

In new Scheme of Study introduced by RGNUL from 2024-25, new laws enacted by the Parliament of India viz., Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023; Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023; Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023; Digital Data Protection Act, 2023; Press & Registration of Periodicals Act, 2023; Telecommunications Act, 2023; and, Mediation Act, 2023 etc. have been introduced. This apart, B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) Degree with specialisation in International Law has been reintroduced from Academic Session 2024-25. RGNUL has also introduced new subjects like Agricultural Laws, Laws on National Security, Counter Insurgency, and Defense Strategies, Energy Laws, Information Security and Data Protection Laws, Infrastructural Law etc. in its scheme of study.

RGNUL has also taken a lead in integrating Indic Knowledge System into its legal education framework. This includes the introduction of Ancient Jurisprudence, Shaastric Methods of Inquiring into the Truth and Shaastric Methods of Argumentation etc.

Scheme of Study and Course Curriculum has been revised and updated following extensive consultation with the senior faculty and various stakeholders, including industry experts, alumni, professionals, Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) and the Curriculum Development Committee (CDC).
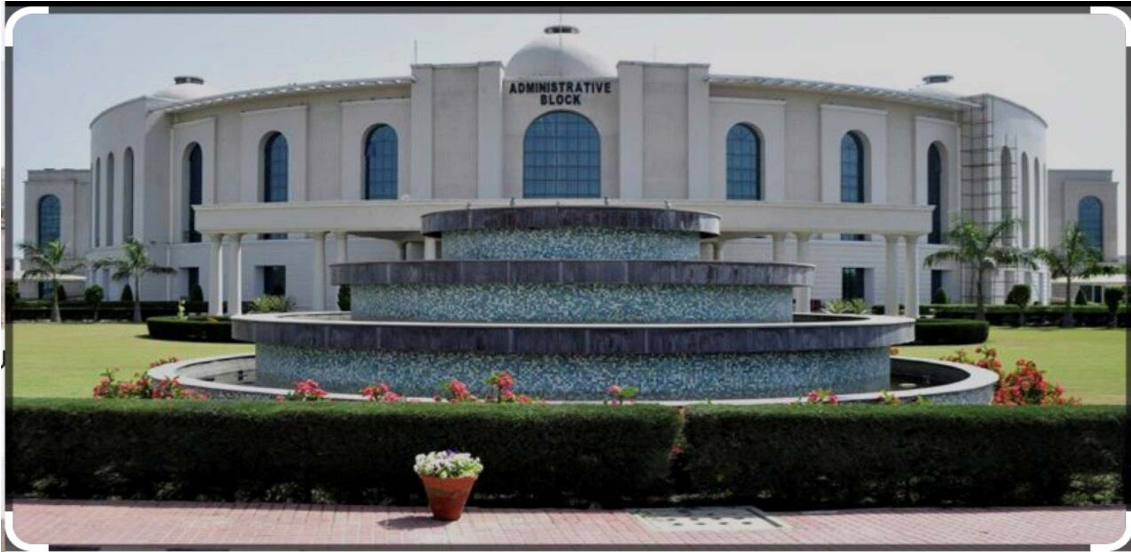
Public Relations Officer

Registrar

RGNUL Introduces New Criminal Laws and Indic Knowledge System in Course Curriculum [10th July 2024]

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RGNUL Curriculum 2024: आरजीएनयूएल ने अपने पाठ्यक्रम में नए आपराधिक कानून और भारतीय ज्ञान प्रणाली को किया शामिल

आरजीएनयूएल पंजाब ने भारतीय ज्ञान प्रणाली (Indic Knowledge System) को अपने लीगल एजुकेशन फ्रेमवर्क में एकीकृत करने में भी अग्रणी भूमिका निभाई है।

आरजीएनयूएल पंजाब ने बीए एलएलबी (ऑनर्स) डिग्री फिर से शुरू की। (स्रोत-आधिकारिक)

नई दिल्ली: राजीव गांधी राष्ट्रीय लॉ विश्वविद्यालय पंजाब ने अपने पाठ्यक्रम में नए आपराधिक कानून और भारतीय ज्ञान प्रणाली को शामिल किया है। आरजीएनयूएल ने बताया कि विश्वविद्यालय भारत में कानूनी शिक्षा में सबसे आगे रहा है तथा समकालीन लॉ शिक्षा की जरूरतों को पूरा करने वाले एक व्यापक और गतिशील पाठ्यक्रम उपलब्ध कराने का प्रयास करता है।

इंडिक नॉलेज सिस्टम और लॉ के क्षेत्र में नवीनतम विकास को एकीकृत करने वाले पाठ्यक्रम आरजीएनयूएल के अत्याधुनिक कानूनी शिक्षा प्रदान करने की दिशा में विश्वविद्यालय के दृष्टिकोण को दर्शाते हैं, जो छात्रों को भारत की लॉ विरासत के प्रति सराहना व्यक्त करते हुए कानूनी पेशे की चुनौतियों के लिए तैयार करता है।

आरजीएनयूएल द्वारा 2024-25 से शुरू की गई अध्ययन की नई योजना में भारत की संसद द्वारा अधिनियमित नए कानून जैसे भारतीय न्याय संहिता 2023, भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता 2023, भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम 2023, डिजिटल डेटा संरक्षण अधिनियम 2023, प्रेस और पत्रिकाओं का पंजीकरण अधिनियम 2023, दूरसंचार अधिनियम 2023 और मध्यस्थता अधिनियम 2023 आदि पेश किए गए हैं।

इसके अलावा, शैक्षणिक सत्र 2024-25 से अंतरराष्ट्रीय कानून में विशेषज्ञता के साथ बीए एलएलबी (ऑनर्स) की डिग्री फिर से शुरू की गई है। आरजीएनयूएल ने अपनी अध्ययन योजना में कृषि कानून, राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा कानून, आतंकवाद निरोधक और रक्षा रणनीति, ऊर्जा कानून, सूचना सुरक्षा एवं डेटा संरक्षण कानून, इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर लॉ कानून आदि जैसे नए विषय भी शुरू किए हैं।

आरजीएनयूएल पंजाब (RGNUL Punjab) ने भारतीय ज्ञान प्रणाली (Indic Knowledge System) को अपने लीगल एजुकेशन फ्रेमवर्क में एकीकृत करने में भी अग्रणी भूमिका निभाई है। इसमें प्राचीन न्यायशास्त्र, सत्य की खोज के लिए शास्त्रीय पद्धतियां तथा तर्क-वितर्क के लिए शास्त्रीय पद्धतियां आदि शामिल हैं।

राजीव गांधी राष्ट्रीय लॉ विश्वविद्यालय पंजाब ने कहा कि अध्ययन योजना और पाठ्यक्रम को वरिष्ठ संकाय और विभिन्न हितधारकों जैसे उद्योग विशेषज्ञ, पूर्व छात्र, पेशेवर, आंतरिक गुणवत्ता आश्वासन प्रकोष्ठ (आईक्यूएसी) और पाठ्यक्रम विकास समिति (सीडीसी) के साथ विचार-विमर्श के बाद संशोधित और अपडेट किया गया है।

RGNUL Revamps Curriculum: Blending New Laws with India's Legal Heritage

Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law (RGNUL) continues to be a frontrunner in Indian legal education. Demonstrating its commitment to a dynamic and contemporary curriculum, RGNUL has introduced several noteworthy changes for the 2024-25 academic session.

Keeping Pace with Evolving Laws

The university's curriculum now reflects the latest developments in Indian law. This includes the incorporation of recently enacted legislation such as the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (2023), Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita (2023), and the Digital Data Protection Act (2023), among others. Additionally, key amendments to existing laws like the Press & Registration of Periodicals Act, Telecommunications Act, and Mediation Act have also been integrated.

Expanding Specialization Options

The reintroduction of the B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) with a specialization in International Law provides students with a focused pathway for careers in this critical domain.

Enriching the Legal Landscape

RGNUL recognizes the importance of a well-rounded legal education. New subjects like Agricultural Laws, National Security Laws, Energy Laws, Information Security and Data Protection Laws, and Infrastructure Law broaden the knowledge base of students, equipping them for diverse legal specialties.

Embracing India's Legal Heritage

In a unique initiative, RGNUL is taking a pioneering step towards integrating the Indic Knowledge System (IKS) into its curriculum. This includes courses like Ancient Jurisprudence, Shaastric Methods of Inquiry into Truth, and Shaastric Methods of Argumentation. This blend of contemporary legal knowledge with India's rich legal heritage offers a unique and comprehensive perspective to students.

Collaborative Curriculum Development

The revised curriculum is the result of extensive consultations with senior faculty, industry experts, alumni, legal professionals, the Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC), and the Curriculum Development Committee (CDC). This collaborative approach ensures the curriculum remains relevant, practical, and addresses the needs of the evolving legal landscape.

RGNUL INTEGRATES INDIC KNOWLEGE IN LEGAL EDU.

Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law (RGNUL) continues to pioneer legal education in India with a dynamic curriculum that integrates Indic Knowledge Systems and modern legal developments. This approach equips students with a robust understanding of India's legal heritage alongside contemporary legal challenges. RGNUL's updated Scheme of Study and Course Curriculum reflects extensive consultation with senior faculty, industry experts, alumni, and IQAC to ensure relevance and excellence in legal education. The inclusion of Ancient Jurisprudence and Shaastric Methods enhances students' legal acumen, preparing them comprehensively for professionaL.

gunfight in Doda

ARUN JANARDHANAN
CHENNAI, JULY 18

The injured soldiers being airlifted to Udhampur-based command hospital on Thursday. ANI

SET TO become the Tamil Nadu Deputy Chief Minister, Udhayanidhi Stalin made his long-anticipated political debut just over five years ago when, before the 2019 Lok Sabha elections, he toured the state as head of the DMK youth wing.

According to a senior DMK leader, the 46-year-old earned his stripes with that 2019 tour, drawing curious and excited crowds across Tamil Nadu.

In the 2021 Assembly elections, Udhayanidhi was fielded from one of the DMK's safest seats, Chepauk-Thiruvallikeni in Chennai, which he won virtually...

certain, Udhayanidhi proceeded to campaign across the state, brandishing at rallies a brick to underline how the previous AIADMK-BJP government had failed to complete work on the promised AIIMS-Madurai.

Several months after the DMK came to power and his father M K Stalin became the CM, Udhayanidhi was inducted as a minister, with the portfolio of Welfare and Sports Development.

Udhayanidhi's profile has since been on the rise within the party, with DMK social media handles covering him faithfully, particularly his visits to his constituency. In preparation of the widening role in the government, he has curtailed his movie career, with last year's well-received...

Tamil Nadu CM M K Stalin with his son Udhayanidhi. File

Maaraisman talked about as perhaps his last as an actor, though he still runs one of South India's most prominent film companies.

This rise and rise has not been without its share of detractors, especially in a party that swears by its ideological moorings. While late DMK veteran M Karunanidhi...

first opened party doors to the family, accommodating both his sons (Stalin, M Alagiri) and his daughter (Kanimozhi), he had ensured that they kept away from the spotlight as long as he was himself physically active in politics.

What has changed, however,

for a long time. Once their brother Alagiri in the tussle for Karunanidhi's legacy, Stalin is now the uncontested leader of the DMK, while Alagiri's son Dayanidhi gets along very well with Udhayanidhi.

A relative told The Indian Express earlier, around the time that Udhayanidhi was made a minister, that he was anyway hardly a "novice". "He is an elected MLA who has been in the game since a long time. He is not a nominated member like some others," the relative said. Others close to the family point out how Udhayanidhi held out being made a minister for months after Stalin became CM.

Now though he is said to have pushed to be made Deputy

so long, who has interests in fashion, publication and film and documentary production.

There is also a whiff of controversy about these parallel interests of Udhayanidhi and family, with the 2006-11 DMK regime facing accusations of trying to monopolise the film industry, with control over production, distribution, exhibition and sale of film rights. Little has changed since, with Udhayanidhi's Red Giant Movies considered the last word in the Tamil Nadu film industry now.

Udhayanidhi is also shadowed by allegations around his powerful brother-in-law Sabareesan, a key behind-the-scenes figure in the DMK government.

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE
JAMMU, JULY 18

2 MILITANTS KILLED IN KUPWARA DIST

TWO ARMY soldiers were injured in the early hours of Thursday in another militant attack in the forest areas of Desa in Jammu and Kashmir's Doda district. The attack took place at a school where the soldiers, who have been conducting search operations in the area, were spending the night.

It was the third militant attack in the forest areas of Desa since the one on Monday night in the Koti Desa forests, during which four soldiers, including a Captain, were killed. On Wednesday night also, militants engaged in a brief exchange of fire with security forces in the nearby Lower Bhatta forests of Desa.

Thursday's attack happened at the Government High School in Zadan, around 2 am. The troops had arrived there just a few hours earlier, and were set to resume search operations at dawn. After the militants opened fire, the troops retaliated and the exchange of fire continued till 5 am, after which the militants fled into the forests.

Two soldiers were injured and one of them, who was in serious

Srinagar: Two militants were killed as security forces foiled an infiltration bid along the Line of Control (LoC) in Jammu and Kashmir's Kupwara district on Thursday, officials said. The forces noticed the militants' movement and challenged them, killing two of them in the exchange of fire, officials said, adding that the operation is underway. PTI

condition, was airlifted to the Army's Command Hospital at Udhampur.

Security forces personnel, assisted by helicopter and drone surveillance, have undertaken massive searches in the forests of Doda district ever since militants attacked a joint checkpost of security forces and police at Chattergala on June 12, injuring five soldiers and a Special Police Officer.

In the midst of the search by ground troops, para commandos have also been dropped at different locations to find and neutralise absconding militants.

Lawyer, Bharat Jodo Yatri: Meet R Sudha, rising Cong MBC face

NEW HOUSE, NEW FACES

NIKHILA HENRY
NEW DELHI, JULY 18

THE FIRST-TIME Congress MP from Tamil Nadu's Mayiladuthurai constituency, R Sudha, says she was taught the importance of education at a young age.

Sudha, 46, hails from Gummidipoondi village in Thiruvallur district, where girls being married off at 15 or 16 years was a common practice.

"Good education is all that my mother could afford for me when my father died of cardiac arrest at a young age. I thought of how my education could help peo-

ple," she says.

She chose to become a lawyer, going on to file two PILs which made an impact on public policy.

In 2021, at the peak of the Covid-19 pandemic, Sudha approached the Madras High Court to seek the release of dry ration for children in government schools who were dependent on the mid-day meal programme.

"I am someone who had mid-day meals in my school while growing up. I was pleased when a Division Bench ordered for the release of dry rations for students who depended on school meals each day," Sudha says.

Subsequently, in the same year, she moved the high court to seek the installation of sanitary napkin vending machines in schools for girl students. The court directed some schools to instal the machines, she says.

Belonging to the Vanniyakula Kshatriya community (Most Backward Classes or MBC), Sudha is from a third-generation political family. Her grandfather was an Independent MLA, while

Mayiladuthurai MP R Sudha with Congress leader Rahul Gandhi during the Bharat Jodo Yatra.

her grandmother was a Congress legislator. Her father was a panchayat member.

Sudha is the first person from her family to have become an MP. Her journey to the Lok Sabha was, however, not easy. She rose

through the Congress's ranks, first with the Youth Congress during her student days at Tamil Nadu Dr BR Ambedkar Law University in Chennai. She later went on to become the chief of the women's wing of the state

party unit.

Contesting as the Congress candidate in the recent Lok Sabha polls from the Mayiladuthurai seat, which was won by the Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK) in the 2019 polls, Sudha was up against the candidates of the All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (AIADMK), Pattali Makkal Katchi (PMK), and Naam Tamilar Katchi (NTK).

"During the campaign, other political parties pointed out that I was a non-local in my constituency. But I just went about meeting, greeting and hugging as many people in my constituency as possible," she says.

Her campaign style — waving at people instead of the ceremonial vanakkam — also won her many admirers.

"I hugged and kissed women from different castes. This posed a direct challenge to the caste system that promotes untouchability," she says.

Sudha polled 5.19 lakh votes, defeating the AIADMK's P Rabu with a margin of 2.71 lakh votes. She says senior Congress

leader Rahul Gandhi's Bharat Jodo Yatra — she was one among the few Congress leaders who walked with Gandhi all the way from Kanyakumari to Kashmir — gave impetus to her political approach and campaign.

"I saw that Rahul Gandhi waved at people and hugged them, striking an emotional chord with everyone around him. I replicated that in my campaign," she says. "Even if I attempt a vanakkam, they wave back at me and hug me," she says with a laugh.

Recalling the time she entered the Lok Sabha for the first time to take oath as a newly-elected MP, Sudha says she remembered social reformer Periyar, poet Subramania Bharati and Mahatma Gandhi.

In that first session of the 18th Lok Sabha, she wrote to Lok Sabha Speaker Om Birla, asking how some people can film in Parliament when photography and videography are barred on it. A Congress MP was suspended for taking videos in the previous Rajya Sabha.

E.EXPLAINED